



EASTERN AND SOUTH-EASTERN ASIA: SAFE DRINKING WATER

The following map shows the level of access to safe drinking water in the Eastern and South-Eastern Asia region. A high level of access indicates that over 75% of the population in that area has access to safe drinking water services, while a moderate level suggests access for between 50 to 75% of the population, and a low level indicates less than 50% of the population has access to these services.

The Eastern and South-Eastern region can be characterized by a stark disparity in access to safe drinking water services, with large sections of the region reflecting both high and low levels of access. In the northern part of the mainland of this region covering China, and in the island of Japan to the east, there is generally high access to safe drinking water services. However, the northernmost part of this region, covering Mongolia, and many southern islands, except for Malaysia, exhibit low access. Additionally, parts of the southern mainland, including Laos and Cambodia, and a section of the eastern mainland covering North Korea, show moderate levels of access to safe drinking water.

More
information
in the audio
track

