**NAWA: Wastewater**

This is NAWA map 3 entitled “Northern Africa and Western Asia: Wastewater.” The data for this map is from 2015. The scale of this map is 1 to 25,000,000. The scale bar represents 500 kilometers and can be found above the top left corner of the map frame.

This map shows the level of wastewater being treated in the Northern Africa and Western Asia region. The region is outlined by a solid line and the areas with different levels of wastewater treatment are distinguished by a distinct color and texture fill. The corresponding colors and textures representing each level of treatment in this map can be found in the accompanying legend, NAWA Legend 3.

The following map shows the level of wastewater being treated in the Northern Africa and Western Asia region. A high level of wastewater treatment signifies that over 75% of the total wastewater is being safely treated. A moderate level indicate treatment of between 50 to 75% of the total wastewater, while a low level suggests safe treatment of less than 50%.

While data availability is limited across the region, notable differences can be observed in areas with available values. The areas in Northern Africa with data available, encompassing countries like Morocco and Egypt, exhibit low levels of safely treated wastewater. Similarly, a small region in the northeastern part of Western Asia, covering Azerbaijan, also shows low treatment levels. In contrast, the majority of the southern portion of Western Asia demonstrates moderate levels of wastewater treatment, including countries such as Saudi Arabia, Iraq, and Kuwait. Conversely, the northern part of Western Asia boasts the highest levels of treatment, with countries like Turkey, Armenia, and Jordan showing a high proportion of safely treated wastewater.